

# Some Side-Calculations

- $\vdash \{1 \leq x \wedge x \leq 10\} x ::= x+2 \{3 \leq x \wedge x \leq 12\}$
- $3 \leq x \wedge x \leq 12 [x \mapsto x+2]$   
 $\equiv 3 \leq x+2 \wedge x+2 \leq 12$   
 $\equiv 1 \leq x \wedge x \leq 10$
- $x=2 [x \mapsto 2]$   
 $\equiv 2 = 2$   
 $\equiv \text{true}$
- (Pre, cond, Post) notation syntaxique pour  $\vdash \{\text{Pre}\} \text{cond} \{\text{Post}\}$
- $\neg(0 \leq x) \longrightarrow (0 \leq -x)$   
 $\equiv x < 0 \longrightarrow x \leq 0$   
 $\equiv \text{true}$

# Measures and Termination

- Measure (Variant)
- $\text{measure}(x) = -x + 2$
- Condition generale de terminaison  
 $\text{measure}(x) > \text{measure}(\text{bodywhile}(x))$
- Dans le cas concret :
  - $-x + 2 > -(x+1) + 2$
  - $\equiv -x + 2 > -x - 1 + 2$
  - $\equiv -x + 2 > -x + 1$
  - $\equiv \text{true}$

# The Task

```
int min(int t[],int n) {
    int i = 1;
    int m = t[0];

    while(i < n) {
        if(t[i] < m) {
            m = t[i];
        }
        i = i + 1;
    }
    return m;
}
```

# The Task

- $\vdash \{ i \leq n \} \text{ if}(t[i] < m) \text{ then } m = t[i] \text{ else SKIP } \{ i \leq n \}$   
 $\equiv A$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{
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 \frac{
 i \leq n \wedge t[i] < m \longrightarrow i \leq n
 }{
 \vdash \{ i \leq n \} m = t[i] \{ i \leq n \}
 } \text{assign}
 }{
 i \leq n \longrightarrow i \leq n
 } \text{conseq}
 }{
 \vdash \{ i \leq n \wedge t[i] < m \} m = t[i] \{ i \leq n \}
 } \dots
 }{
 A
 } \text{if}
 \end{array}$$

- $\vdash \{i \leq n\} m = t[i] \{i \leq n\}$
- $i \leq n [m \mapsto t[i]]$   
 $\equiv i \leq n$
- Tautologies :
  - $A \rightarrow A$
  - $A \wedge B \rightarrow A$
  - $A \wedge B \rightarrow B \wedge A$
  - $A \rightarrow A \vee B$
- $\forall x \in \{0..i\}. m \leq t[x] \wedge \exists x \in \{0..i\}. m = t[x]$